

The concept of enzymes was first introduced into scientific literature following the discovery in 1833 that starch could be converted into sugar through catalysis by the enzyme diastase (Payen and Persoz, 1833). Subsequent efforts to elucidate the structures and catalytic mechanisms of enzymes such as ribonuclease and lysozyme demonstrated that enzymology emerging as a developing scientific discipline (Cuesta et al., 2015).

## References

Cuesta, S. M., Rahman, S. A., Furnham, N., & Thornton, J. M., 2015, The classification and evolution of enzyme function, *Biophysical Journal*, 109 (6), 1082-1086.

Payen, A., & Persoz, J. F., 1833, Mémoire sur la diastase, les principaux produits de ses réactions, et leurs applications aux arts industriels, *Annales de Chimie et de Physique*, 53 (2), 73-92.

## ya da

The concept of enzymes was first introduced into scientific literature following the discovery in 1833 that starch could be converted into sugar through catalysis by the enzyme diastase [1]. Subsequent efforts to elucidate the structures and catalytic mechanisms of enzymes such as ribonuclease and lysozyme demonstrated that enzymology emerging as a developing scientific discipline [2].

## References

1. Payen, A., & Persoz, J. F., 1833, Mémoire sur la diastase, les principaux produits de ses réactions, et leurs applications aux arts industriels, *Annales de Chimie et de Physique*, 53 (2), 73-92.

2. Cuesta, S. M., Rahman, S. A., Furnham, N., & Thornton, J. M., 2015, The classification and evolution of enzyme function, *Biophysical Journal*, 109 (6), 1082-1086.

## Dikkat!!

Referans başlığınızı

1. Her section (bölümünden) sonra
2. Sorular kısmından önce ve sonra
3. Sorular kısmından sonra olacak şekilde 3 farklı şekilde oluşturabilirsiniz. Hangisini tercih edeceğinize size kalmıştır. İyi çalışmalar.